[~115H5710]

	(Original Signature of Member)
116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H. R

To develop and implement national standards for the use of solitary confinement in correctional facilities, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. RICHMOND introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL

To develop and implement national standards for the use of solitary confinement in correctional facilities, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Solitary Confinement
- 5 Study and Reform Act of 2019".
- 6 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.
- 7 The purposes of this Act are to—

1	(1) develop and implement national standards
2	for the use of solitary confinement to ensure that it
3	is used infrequently and only under extreme cir-
4	cumstances;
5	(2) establish a more humane and constitu-
6	tionally sound practice of segregated detention or
7	solitary confinement in correctional facilities;
8	(3) accelerate the development of best practices
9	and make reforming solitary confinement a top pri-
10	ority in each correctional facility at the Federal and
11	State levels;
12	(4) increase the available data and information
13	on the incidence of solitary confinement, con-
14	sequently improving the management and adminis-
15	tration of correctional facilities;
16	(5) standardize the definitions used for col-
17	lecting data on the incidence of solitary confinement;
18	(6) increase the accountability of correctional
19	facility officials who fail to design and implement
20	humane and constitutionally sound solitary confine-
21	ment practices;
22	(7) protect the Eighth Amendment rights of in-
23	mates at correctional facilities; and
24	(8) reduce the costs that solitary confinement
25	imposes on interstate commerce.

1	SEC. 3. NATIONAL SOLITARY CONFINEMENT STUDY AND
2	REFORM COMMISSION.
3	(a) Establishment.—There is established a com-
4	mission to be known as the National Solitary Confinement
5	Study and Reform Commission.
6	(b) Members.—
7	(1) In general.—The Commission shall be
8	composed of 9 members, of whom—
9	(A) 3 shall be appointed by the President;
10	(B) 2 shall be appointed by the Speaker of
11	the House of Representatives, unless the Speak-
12	er is of the same party as the President, in
13	which case 1 shall be appointed by the Speaker
14	of the House of Representatives and 1 shall be
15	appointed by the minority leader of the House
16	of Representatives;
17	(C) 1 shall be appointed by the minority
18	leader of the House of Representatives (in addi-
19	tion to any appointment made under subpara-
20	graph (B));
21	(D) 2 shall be appointed by the majority
22	leader of the Senate, unless the majority leader
23	is of the same party as the President, in which
24	case 1 shall be appointed by the majority leader
25	of the Senate and 1 shall be appointed by the
26	minority leader of the Senate; and

1	(E) 1 shall be appointed by the minority
2	leader of the Senate (in addition to any ap-
3	pointment made under subparagraph (D)).
4	(2) Persons eligible.—Each member of the
5	Commission shall be an individual who has knowl-
6	edge or expertise in matters to be studied by the
7	Commission.
8	(3) Consultation required.—The President,
9	the Speaker and minority leader of the House of
10	Representatives, and the majority leader and minor-
11	ity leader of the Senate shall consult with one an-
12	other prior to the appointment of the members of
13	the Commission to achieve, to the maximum extent
14	possible, fair and equitable representation of various
15	points of view with respect to the matters to be
16	studied by the Commission.
17	(4) Term.—Each member shall be appointed
18	for the life of the Commission.
19	(5) Time for initial appointments.—The
20	appointment of the members shall be made not later
21	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this
22	Act.
23	(6) Vacancies.—A vacancy in the Commission
24	shall be filled in the manner in which the original
25	appointment was made, and shall be made not later

1	than 60 days after the date on which the vacancy
2	occurred.
3	(c) Operation.—
4	(1) Chairperson.—Not later than 15 days
5	after appointments of all the members are made, the
6	President shall appoint a chairperson for the Com-
7	mission from among its members.
8	(2) Meetings.—The Commission shall meet at
9	the call of the chairperson. The initial meeting of the
10	Commission shall take place not later than 30 days
11	after the initial appointment of the members is com-
12	pleted.
13	(3) Quorum.—A majority of the members of
14	the Commission shall constitute a quorum to con-
15	duct business, but the Commission may establish a
16	lesser quorum for conducting hearings scheduled by
17	the Commission.
18	(4) Rules.—The Commission may establish by
19	majority vote any other rules for the conduct of
20	Commission business, if such rules are not incon-
21	sistent with this Act or other applicable law.
22	(d) Comprehensive Study of the Impacts of
23	SOLITARY CONFINEMENT.—
24	(1) In general.—The Commission shall carry
25	out a comprehensive legal and factual study of the

1	penological, physical, mental, medical, social, fiscal,
2	and economic impacts of solitary confinement in the
3	United States on—
4	(A) Federal, State, and local governments;
5	and
6	(B) communities and social institutions
7	generally, including individuals, families, and
8	businesses within such communities and social
9	institutions.
10	(2) Matters included.—The study under
11	paragraph (1) shall include—
12	(A) a review of existing Federal, State,
13	and local government policies and practices with
14	respect to the extent and duration of the use of
15	solitary confinement;
16	(B) an assessment of the relationship be-
17	tween solitary confinement and correctional fa-
18	cility conditions, and existing monitoring, regu-
19	latory, and enforcement practices;
20	(C) an assessment of the characteristics of
21	prisoners and juvenile detainees most likely to
22	be referred to solitary confinement and the ef-
23	fectiveness of various types of treatment or pro-
24	grams to reduce such likelihood;

1	(D) an assessment of the impacts of soli-
2	tary confinement on individuals, families, social
3	institutions, and the economy generally;
4	(E) an identification of additional scientific
5	and social science research needed on the preva-
6	lence of solitary confinement in correctional fa-
7	cilities as well as a full assessment of existing
8	literature;
9	(F) an assessment of the general relation-
10	ship between solitary confinement and mental
11	illness;
12	(G) an assessment of the relationship be-
13	tween solitary confinement and levels of train-
14	ing, supervision, and discipline of the staff of
15	correctional facilities; and
16	(H) an assessment of existing Federal and
17	State systems for collecting and reporting the
18	number and duration of solitary confinement
19	incidents in correctional facilities nationwide.
20	(3) Report.—
21	(A) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than two
22	years after the date of the initial meeting of the
23	Commission, the Commission shall submit a re-
24	port on the study carried out under this sub-
25	section to—

1	(i) the President;
2	(ii) the Congress;
3	(iii) the Attorney General of the
4	United States;
5	(iv) the Secretary of Health and
6	Human Services;
7	(v) the Director of the Federal Bu-
8	reau of Prisons;
9	(vi) the Administrator of the Office of
10	Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Preven-
11	tion;
12	(vii) the chief executive of each State;
13	and
14	(viii) the head of the department of
15	corrections of each State.
16	(B) Contents.—The report under sub-
17	paragraph (A) shall include—
18	(i) the findings and conclusions of the
19	Commission;
20	(ii) the recommended national stand-
21	ards for reducing the use of solitary con-
22	finement described in subsection (e); and
23	(iii) a summary of the materials relied
24	on by the Commission in the preparation
25	of the report.

1	(e) Recommendations.—
2	(1) In general.—As part of the report sub-
3	mitted under subsection (d)(3), the Commission
4	shall provide the Attorney General and the Secretary
5	of Health and Human Services with recommended
6	national standards for significantly reducing the use
7	of solitary confinement in correctional facilities.
8	(2) Matters included.—The information
9	provided under paragraph (1) shall include rec-
10	ommended national standards relating to—
11	(A) how authorities can progress toward
12	significantly limiting the utilization of solitary
13	confinement so that a prisoner may be placed
14	in solitary confinement only under extreme
15	emergency circumstances, as a last resort, for
16	as short a time as possible, subject to inde-
17	pendent review, and pursuant to the authoriza-
18	tion of a competent authority;
19	(B) methods that can be employed to en-
20	sure that the duration of solitary confinement
21	of a prisoner at an institution can be limited to
22	no more than 15 consecutive days in a 60-day
23	period, except that if the head of a correctional
24	facility makes an individualized determination

that the prisoner cannot be safely returned to

25

1	the general population, the head of the correc-
2	tional facility may continue to segregate the
3	prisoner from the general population without
4	the use of solitary confinement and in accord-
5	ance with the United Nations Standard Min-
6	imum Rules on the Treatment of Prisoners;
7	(C) ensuring that prior to being classified,
8	assigned, or subject to long-term segregation,
9	an prisoner shall be entitled to a meaningful
10	hearing on the reason for and duration of the
11	confinement and have access to legal counsel
12	for such hearings;
13	(D) ensuring that indefinite sentencing of
14	a prisoner to long-term segregation will not be
15	allowed and that the prisoner will be afforded
16	a meaningful review of the segregation at least
17	once every 30 days that the prisoner remains in
18	segregation and that correctional facility offi-
19	cials must record and provide a transcript of
20	the review proceedings for the prisoner under
21	review to the prisoner or the prisoner's des-
22	ignee;
23	(E) ensuring that correctional facility offi-
24	cials design and implement programming that
25	allows prisoners subject to long-term segrega-

1	tion to earn placement in less restrictive hous-
2	ing through positive behavior;
3	(F) ensuring that protective custody and
4	other custody designations designed to protect
5	vulnerable prisoners, regardless of the reason
6	for vulnerability, are not characterized by soli-
7	tary confinement or other type of isolation con-
8	ditions, and that prisoners placed in protective
9	custody have access to programs, privileges,
10	education, and work opportunities commensu-
11	rate with general population prisoners to the
12	extent possible;
13	(G) ensuring that correctional facility offi-
14	cials improve access to mental health treatment
15	for prisoners in solitary confinement;
16	(H) ensuring that correctional facility offi-
17	cials work toward systems wherein prisoners di-
18	agnosed by a qualified mental health profes-
19	sional with a serious mental illness are not held
20	in long-term solitary confinement;
21	(I) ensuring that correctional facility offi-
22	cials do all that is feasible to make certain that
23	prisoners are not held in solitary confinement
24	for any duration;

1	(J) ensuring that correctional facility offi-
2	cials develop alternative methods to manage
3	issues with prisoners other than solitary con-
4	finement;
5	(K) ensuring that correctional facility offi-
6	cers do all that is feasible to make certain that
7	prisoners with mental health, physical, or cog-
8	nitive disabilities are not held in solitary con-
9	finement for any duration;
10	(L) ensuring that correctional facility offi-
11	cers do all that is feasible to make certain that
12	pregnant and post-partum women are not held
13	in solitary confinement for any duration;
14	(M) ensuring that correctional facility offi-
15	cers work towards systems that limit the cir-
16	cumstances and conditions under which juve-
17	niles are placed in solitary confinement, in com-
18	pliance with section 5043 of title 18, United
19	States Code; and
20	(N) such other matters as may reasonably
21	be related to the goal of reducing solitary con-
22	finement in correctional facilities.
23	(3) Limitation.—The Commission shall not
24	propose a recommended standard that would impose
25	substantial additional costs compared to the costs

1	presently expended by correctional facilities, and
2	shall seek to propose standards that reduce the costs
3	of incarceration at such facilities.
4	(f) Consultation With Accreditation Organi-
5	ZATIONS.—In developing recommended national standards
6	for the reduction of solitary confinement under subsection
7	(e), the Commission shall consider any standards that
8	have already been developed, or are being developed simul-
9	taneously to the deliberations of the Commission. The
10	Commission shall consult with accreditation organizations
11	responsible for the accreditation of correctional facilities
12	that have developed or are developing standards related
13	to solitary confinement. The Commission shall also consult
14	with national associations representing the corrections
15	profession, the legal profession, the medical profession, or
16	any other pertinent professional body that has developed
17	or is developing standards related to solitary confinement.
18	(g) Hearings.—
19	(1) In general.—The Commission shall hold
20	public hearings. The Commission may hold such
21	hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take
22	such testimony, and receive such evidence as the
23	Commission considers advisable to carry out its du-
24	ties under this section.

1	(2) Witness expenses.—Witnesses requested
2	to appear before the Commission shall be paid the
3	same fees as are paid to witnesses under section
4	1821 of title 28, United States Code. The per diem
5	and mileage allowances for witnesses shall be paid
6	from funds appropriated to the Commission.
7	(h) Information From Federal or State Agen-
8	CIES.—The Commission may secure directly from any
9	Federal department or agency such information as the
10	Commission considers necessary to carry out its duties
11	under this section. The Commission may request the head
12	of any State or local department or agency to furnish such
13	information to the Commission.
14	(i) Personnel Matters.—
15	(1) Travel expenses.—The members of the
16	Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, includ-
17	ing per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates author-
18	ized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of
19	chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while
20	away from their homes or regular places of business
21	in the performance of service for the Commission.
22	(2) Detail of Federal employees.—With
23	the affirmative vote of 2/3 of the Commission, any
24	Federal Government employee, with the approval of
25	the head of the appropriate Federal agency, may be

15 1 detailed to the Commission without reimbursement, 2 and such detail shall be without interruption or loss 3 of civil service status, benefits, or privileges. 4 (3) Procurement of Temporary and inter-5 MITTENT SERVICES.—Upon the request of the Com-6 mission, the Attorney General shall provide reasonable and appropriate office space, supplies, and ad-7 8 ministrative assistance. 9 (j) Contracts for Research.— 10 (1) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JUSTICE.—With a 11 2/3 affirmative vote, the Commission may select non-12 governmental researchers and experts to assist the 13 Commission in carrying out its duties under this 14 Act. The National Institute of Justice shall contract 15 with the researchers and experts selected by the 16 Commission to provide funding in exchange for their 17 services. 18 (2) Other organizations.—Nothing in this 19 subsection shall be construed to limit the ability of 20 the Commission to enter into contracts with other 21 entities or organizations for research necessary to

carry out the duties of the Commission under this

23 section.

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1	(k) Termination.—The Commission shall terminate
2	on the date that is 60 days after the date on which the
3	Commission submits the reports required by this section.
4	(l) Exemption.—The Commission shall be exempt
5	from the Federal Advisory Committee Act.
6	SEC. 4. ADOPTION AND EFFECT OF NATIONAL STANDARDS.
7	(a) Publication of Standards.—
8	(1) Final Rule.—Not later than two years
9	after receiving the report specified in section
10	(3)(d)(3), the Attorney General shall publish a final
11	rule adopting national standards for the reduction of
12	solitary confinement in correctional facilities.
13	(2) Independent judgment.—The standards
14	referred to in paragraph (1) shall be based upon the
15	independent judgment of the Attorney General, after
16	giving consideration to the recommended national
17	standards provided by the Commission under section
18	3(e), and being informed by such data, opinions, and
19	proposals that the Attorney General determines to
20	be appropriate to consider.
21	(3) Limitation.—The Attorney General shall
22	not establish a national standard under this section
23	that would impose substantial additional costs com-
24	pared to the costs presently expended by Federal
25	and State correctional systems. The Attorney Gen-

1 eral may, however, provide a list of improvements 2 for consideration by correctional facilities. 3 (4) Transmission to states.—Not later than 4 90 days after publishing the final rule under para-5 graph (1), the Attorney General shall transmit the 6 national standards adopted under that paragraph to 7 the chief executive of each State, the head of the de-8 partment of corrections of each State, the head of 9 the department of juvenile justice of each State, and 10 to the appropriate authorities in those units of local 11 government who oversee operations in one or more 12 correctional facilities. 13 (b) Applicability to Federal Bureau of Pris-14 ONS.—The national standards referred to in subsection 15 (a) shall apply to the Federal Bureau of Prisons immediately upon adoption of the final rule under subsection 16 17 (a)(1).18 (c) EDWARD BYRNE MEMORIAL JUSTICE ASSIST-19 ANCE GRANT PROGRAM FUNDING REDUCTION.—Begin-20 ning in the second fiscal year that begins after the date 21 on which the Attorney General issues the final rule under 22 subsection (a)(1), in the case of a State or unit of local 23 government that is not in compliance with the national standards described in subsection (a)(1), the Attorney General shall reduce by 5 percent the amount that such

State or unit of local government would otherwise receive under subpart 1 of part E of the Omnibus Crime and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10151 et seq.). 3 4 SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS. 5 For purposes of this Act, the following definitions 6 shall apply: 7 (1) Attorney General.—The term "Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the United 8 9 States. 10 (2)Commission.—The term "Commission" 11 means the National Solitary Confinement Study and Reform Commission established under section 3 of 12 13 this Act. 14 (3) Long-term.—The term "long-term" means 15 any period lasting more than 15 consecutive days in 16 a 60-day period. 17 QUALIFIED MENTAL HEALTH PROFES-18 SIONAL.—The term "qualified mental health profes-19 sional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, psy-20 chiatric social worker, licensed professional coun-21 selor, psychiatric nurse, or another individual who, 22 by virtue of education, credentials, and experience, is 23 permitted by law to evaluate and provide mental 24 health care.

1	(5) Serious mental illness.—The term "se-
2	rious mental illness" means a substantial disorder
3	that—
4	(A) significantly impairs judgment, behav-
5	ior, or capacity to recognize reality or cope with
6	the ordinary demands of life; and
7	(B) is manifested by substantial pain or
8	disability, the status of being actively suicidal,
9	a severe cognitive disorder that results in sig-
10	nificant functional impairment, or a severe per-
11	sonality disorder that results in significant
12	functional impairment.
13	(6) Solitary confinement.—The term "soli-
14	tary confinement" means confinement of a prisoner
15	or juvenile detainee in a cell or other place, alone or
16	with other persons, for approximately 22 hours or
17	more per day with severely restricted activity, move-
18	ment, and social interaction, which is separate from
19	the general population of that correctional facility.
20	(7) Segregation.—The term "segregation" $"$
21	means housing of a prisoner separate from the gen-
22	eral population of a correctional facility in which
23	movement, activity, and social interaction may be re-
24	stricted.

1	(8) Correctional facility.—The term "cor-
2	rectional facility" means a Federal, State, local, or
3	privately run prison, jail, or juvenile detention facil-
4	ity.